

#### BISMILLÄHIR-RAHMÄNIR-RAHĪM

#### In the name of Allah, Most Beneficient, Most Merciful.

# **INTRODUCTION**

"All praise be to Allah ﷺ and peace and blessings be upon His messenger ﷺ"

The *ayaat* (verses) of the *Qur'an* compiled herein are generally known as *"Manzil"*. The elders were particularly punctual in reciting this *"Manzil"* from amongst other du`as and formulas for protection and cure. It was customary to make special arrangements for children to commit this *"Manzil"* to memory.

Undoubtedly the *ayah* of the *Qur'an* and those du`as that are mentioned in the ahadith are more effective and beneficial than the wearing of a *ta'aweez*. In the formula of these *amaliyaat* (reciting of certain ayah and du`as for a particular purpose) preference must be given to the *Qur'an* and ahadith. The noble leader of the Ambiya ﷺ, Muhammad ﷺ, has taught us a du'a for every occasion of our *dini* (religious) and *dunyawi* (worldly) needs, In the experience of the Masha'ikh (the scholars) reciting of certain ayaat and *du'as* for particular purposes has also been experienced to be successful.

The reading of the "Manzil" has been confirmed to be extremely effective for protection against the evil influence of Jinn, Sihr (witchcraft, sorcery etc.) and other evils. These ayaat of the Qur'an

have also been mentioned with a slight variation in the number of ayaat, in the book "Al Qawlul Jameel", wherein it has also been mentioned that there are these thirty three ayah which ward off the effects of Sihr (witch-craft), and that they are a protection against the Shayatin (devils), thieves and harmful wild beasts.

Whenever anyone suggested the reading of these ayah to a victim, they had to either indicate these verses in the respective books or write them down, Therefore it was felt that it would simplify this task if these ayah were printed separately.

It should be considered, and borne in mind that the effectiveness of the recital of these ayaat and *du'as* as a formula for specific purposes depends on the sincerity and; undisturbed and earnest devotion of the reader. The effectiveness of the response to *du'as* is relative to the determination of ones conviction and the depth of ones sincerity with which *du'as* are made. Allah's  $\frac{1}{8}$  names and His true and holy words hold great *barakah*, (unseen, blessings benefits and advantages of abundant value from Allah  $\frac{1}{8}$ ).

"And Allah ﷺ is the One who grants strength to comply and adhere,(to His will and command)".



بِسْمِر اللهِ الرَّحْنِ الرَّحِيْمِ ٢ ٱلْحَمْدُ لِلهِ رَبِّ الْعُلَمِيْنَ ﴾ الرَّحْنِ الرَّحِيْمِ ﴾ مٰلِكِ يَوْمِ الدِّيْنِ ۞ إِيَّاكَ نَعْبُدُ وَإِيَّاكَ نَسْتَعِيْنُ ﴾ اِهْدِنَا الصِّرَاطَ الْمُسْتَقِيْمَ ﴾ صِرَاطَ الَّذِيْنَ أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ ﴾ غَيْرِ الْمَغْضُوْبِ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا الضَّآلِيْنَ ﴾

BISMILLÄHIR-RAḤMĀNIR-RAḤĪM 1. AL-ḤAMDU LILLĀHI RABBIL-`ĀLAMĪN, 2. AR-RAḤMĀNIR-RAḤĪM, 3. MĀLIKI YAWMID-DĪN, 4. IY-YĀKA NA`BUDU WA IY-YĀKA NASTA`ĪN 5. IHDINAŞ-ŞIRĀȚAL-MUSTAQĪM 6. ŞIRĀȚAL-LADHĪNA AN`AMTA `ALAYHĪM, 7. GHAYRIL-MAGH-ŅŪBI `ALAYHIM WA LAŅ-ŅĀLLĪN

In the Name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful.

1. All the praises and thanks be to Allah, the Lord of the worlds (mankind, jinn and all that exists).

2. The Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

3. The Only Owner of the Day of Resurrection.

4. You we worship, and You we ask for help.

5. Guide us to the Straight Way.

6. The Way of those on whom You have bestowed Your Grace,

7. not (the way) of those who earned Your Anger, nor of those who went astray.

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ ٢ الْمَر شَ ذٰلِكَ الْحِتْبُ لَا رَيّْبَ فِيهِ \* هُدًى لِلْمُتَّقِيْنَ ﴿ الَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِالْغَيْبِ وَيُقِيْمُوْنَ الصَّلُوةَ وَمِمَّا رَزَقْنَهُمْ يُنْفِقُوْنَ شِّ وَالَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُوْنَ بِمَآ أُنزَلَ إِلَيْكَ وَمَآ أُنزَلَ مِنْ قَبْلِكَ، وَبِالْأُخِرَة هُرْ يُوْقِنُوْنَ ٢ أُولَبِكَ عَلَى هُدًى مِّنْ رَّبِّهِمْ ، وَأُولَبِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُوْنَ ٢

> BISMILLÄHIR-RAḤMĀNIR-RAḤĪM 1. ALIF LĀM MĪM.

Al Fatihah 1,7

#### 2. DHĀLIKAL-KITABU LĀ RAYBA FĪH. HUDAL-LIL MUTTAQĪN

#### 3. AL-LADHĪNA YU'MINŪNA BIL-GHAYBI WA YUQĪMŪ NAŞ-SALĀTA WA MIM-MĀ RAZAQNĀHUM YUNFIQŪN

#### 4. WAL-LADHĪNA YU'MINŪNA BIMĀ UNZILA ILAYKA WA MĀUNZILA MIN QABLIKA WA BIL ĀKHIRATI HUM YUQINŪN

#### 5. ULĀIKA `ALĀ HUDAM-MIR-RABBIHIM WA ULĀIKA HUMUL- MUFLIĻŪN

In the name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful.

1. Alif-Lam-Mim.

(These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'an and none but Allah (Alone) knows their meanings.)

 This is the Book (the Qur'an), whereof there is no doubt, a guidance to those who are Al-Muttaqun (the pious and righteous persons who fear Allah much (abstain from all kinds of sins and evil deeds which He has forbidden) and love Allah much (perform all kinds of good deeds which He has ordained)

3. Who believe in the Ghayb (Unseen) and perform As-Salah and spend out of what We have provided for them (I.e. give Zakah, spend on themselves, their parents, their children, their wives, etc., and also give charity to the poor and also in Allah's Cause - Jihad).

4. And who believe in (the Qur'an and the Sunnah) which has been sent down (revealed) to you (Muhammad 3) and in that which were sent down before you (the Tawrat (Torah) and the Injil (Gospel), etc.) and they believe with certainty in the Hereafter. (Resurrection, recompense of their good and bad deeds, Paradise and Hell).

5. They are on (true) guidance from their Lord, and they are the successful.

Al Baqarah 1,5

وَإِلٰهُكُمْ إِلٰهُ وَّاحِدَّ ۖ لَا إِلٰهَ إِلَّهُ إِلَّهُ هُوَالرَّحْمُنُ الرَّحِيْمُ ٢

#### 163. WA ILĀHUKUM ILĀHUW-WĀḤID. LĀ ILĀHA ILLĀ HUWAR-RAḤMĀNUR-RAḤĪM

163. And your Ilah is One Ilah (God - Allah), La ilaha illa Huwa (there is none who has the right to be worshipped but He), Most Gracious, Most Merciful.

Al Baqarah 163

اَللهُ لَآ إِلٰهَ إِلَّا هُوَ · اَلْحَى الْقَيُّومُ · لَا تَأْخُذُهُ سِنَةً وَّلَا نَوْمٌ ﴿ لَهُمَا فِي السَّمٰوٰتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ مَنْ ذَاالَّذِي يَشْفَعُ عِندَهُ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِهِ ﴿ يَعْلَمُ مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيْهِمْ وَمَا خَلْفَهُمْ ، وَلَا يُحِيْطُونَ بِشَيْءٍ مِّنْ عِلْمِهَ إِلَّا بِمَا شَآءَ وَسِعَ كُرْسِيُّهُ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْأَرْضَ • وَلَا يَئُوْدُهُ حِفْظُهُمَا وَهُوَ الْعَلِيُّ الْعَظِيْمُ ٢

## 255. ALLÄHU LÄ ILÄHA ILLÄ HŪ. AL-ḤAYYUL-QAYYŪM LÄ TA'KHUDHUHŪ SINATUW-WA LÄ NAWM. LAHŪ MĀ FIS-SAMĀWĀTI WA MĀ FIL-ARŅ. MAN DHAL-LADHĪ YASHFA'U `INDAHŪ ILLĀ BI IDHNIH. YA'LAMU MĀ BAYNA AYDIHIM WA MĀ KHALFAHUM. WA LĀ YUḤĪṬŪNA BI-SHAYIM-MIN `ILMIHĪ ILLĀ BI MĀ SHĀ'. WASIʿ A KURSIYYUHUS-SAMĀWĀTI WAL-ARŅ. WA LĀ YA-'ŪDUHŪ ḤIFŻUHUMĀ. WA HUWAL-'ALIYYUL-'AŻĪM.

255. Allah! La ilaha illa Huwa (none has the right to be worshipped but He), the Ever Living, the One Who sustains and protects all that exists. Neither slumber, nor sleep overtake Him. To Him belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is on earth. Who is he that can intercede with Him except with His Permission? He knows what happens to them (His creatures) in this world, and what will happen to them in the Hereafter. And they will never compass anything of His Knowledge except that which He wills. His Kursi extends over the heavens and the earth, and He feels no fatigue in guarding and preserving them. And He is the Most High, the Most Great.

Al Baqarah 255

لَآ إِكْرَاهَ فِي الدِّيْنِ <sup>ي</sup>ْقَدْ تَّبَيَّنَ الرُّشُدُ مِنَ الْغَيِّ فَمَنْ يَّكْفُرْ بِالطَّعُوْتِ وَيُؤْمِرِ أَلِ بِاللهِ فَقَدِاسْتَمْسَكَ



256. LĀ IKRĀHA FIDDĪN. QAT-TA BAYYANAR-RUSHDU MINAL-GHAYY. FAMAY-YAKFUR BIṬ-ṬĀGHŪTI WA YU'MIM BILLĀHI FA QADIS-TAMSAKA BIL-`URWATIL-WUTHQĀ LAN FIṢĀMA LAHĀ. WALLĀHU SAMĪ`UN `ALĪM.

257. ALLĀHU WALIYUL-LADHĪNA ĀMANU YUKH-RIJUHUM MINAŻ-ŻULUMATI ILAN NŪR. WAL-LADHĪNA KAFARŪ AWLIYĀ'UHUMUŢ-ṬĀGHŪT. YUKH-RIJŪNAHUM MINAN-NŪR ILAŻ-ŻULUMĀT. ULĀIKA AṢḤABUN-NĀR HUM FĪHĀ KHĀLIDŪN.

256. There is no compulsion in religion. Verily, the Right Path has become distinct from the wrong path. Whoever disbelieves in Taghut (false deities and false leaders) and believes in Allah, then he has grasped the most trustworthy handhold that will never break. And Allah is All-Hearer, All-Knower. 257. Allah is the Wali (Protector and Guardian) of those who believe. He brings them out from darkness into light. But as for those who disbelieve, their Auliya (supporters and helpers) are Taghut (false deities and false leaders), they bring them out from light into darkness. Those are the dwellers of the Fire, and they will abide therein forever.

Al Bagarah 256,257

لِلهِ مَا فِي السَّمْوٰتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ ، وَإِنَّ تُبْدُوا مَا فِي أَنْفُسِكُمْ أَوْ تُخْفُوْهُ يُحَاسِبْكُمْ بِهِ اللهُ فَيَغْفِرُ لِمَنْ يَشَآءُ وَيُعَذِّبُ مَنْ يَشَآءُ وَاللهُ عَلَى كُلّ شَىءٍ قَدِيْرٌ ٢ أَمَنَ الرَّسُوْلُ بِمَا أُنْزَلَ إِلَيْهِ مِنْ رَّبِّهِ وَالْمُؤْمِنُوْنَ كُلُّ أَمَنَ بِاللهِ وَمَلْبِكَتِهِ وَكُتُبِهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَلَا نُفَرِّقُ بَيْنَ أَحَدٍ مِّن رُّسُلِهِ . وَقَالُوا سَمِعْنَا وَأُطَعْنَا غُفْرَانَكَ رَبَّنَا وَإِلَيْكَ الْمَصِيْرُ ٢ أَيُكَلِّفُ اللهُ نَفْسًا إِلَّا وُسْعَهَا لَهَا

مَا كَسَبَتْ وَعَلَيْهَا مَااكْتَسَبَتْ رَبَّنَا لَا تُؤَاخِذْنَآ إِنْ نَسِيْنَآ أَوْ أَخْطَأْنَا رَبَّنَا وَلَا تَحْمِلْ عَلَيْنَآ إِصْرًا كَمَاحَمَلْتَهُ عَلَىالَّذِيْنَ مِن قَبْلِنَا ۚ رَبَّنَا وَلَا تُحَمِّلْنَا مَالَاطَاقَةَ لَنَابِهِ ۚ وَاعْفُ عَنَّا رَسُوَاغْفِرْلَنَا رَسُهُ وَارْحَمْنَآ رَسُهُ أَنْتَ مَوْلْنَا فَانْصُرْنَا عَلَىالْقَوْمِالْكُفِرِيْنَ شَ

284. LILLÄHI MÄ FIS-SAMÄWÄTI WA MÄ FIL-ARŅ. WA IN TUBDŪ MĀ FĪ ANFUSIKUM AW TUKHFŪHU YUĻĀSIBKUM BIHIL-LÄH. FAYAGHFIRU LIMAY-YASHĀ'U WA YU`ADH-DHIBU MAY-YASHĀ'. WALLĀHU `ALĀ KULLI SHAY'IN QADĪR.

285. ĀMANAR-RASŪLU BIMĀ UNZILA ILAYHI MIR-RABBIHĪ WAL MU'MINŪN. KULLUN ĀMANA BILLĀHI WAMALĀ'IKATIHĪ WA KUTUBIHĪ WA RUSULIH. LĀ NUFARRIQU BAYNA AḤADIM MIR RUSULIH. WA QĀLŪ SAMI'NĀ WA AṬA'NĀ GHUFRĀNAKA RABBANĀ WA ILAYKAL MAṢĪR.

286. LĀ YUKALLIFUL-LĀHU NAFSAN ILLĀ WUS`AHĀ. LAHĀ MĀ KASABAT WA `ALAYHĀ MAKTASABAT. RABBANĀ LĀ TU'ĀKHIDHNĀ IN-NASĪNĀ AW AKHȚA'NĀ RABBANĀ WA LĀ TAĻMIL

#### `ALAYNĀ IŞRAN KA MĀ ḤAMALTAHŪ `ALAL-LADHĪNA MIN QABLINĀ RABBANĀ WA LĀ TUḤAMMILNĀ MĀ LĀ ṬĀQATALANĀ BIH. WA`FU `ANNĀ WAGHFIR LANĀ WARḤAMNĀ ANTA MAWLĀNĀ FANṢURNĀ `ALAL-QAWMIL-KĀFIRĪN.

284. To Allah belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is on the earth, and whether you disclose what is in your ownselves or conceal it, Allah will call you to account for it. Then He forgives whom He wills and punishes whom He wills. And Allah is Able to do all things.

285. The Messenger (Muhammad ﷺ) believes in what has been sent down to him from his Lord, and (so do) the believers.
Each one believes in Allah, His Angels, His Books, and His Messengers.
They say, "We make no distinction between one another of His Messengers"

and they say, "We hear, and we obey.
(We seek) Your Forgiveness, our Lord, and to You is the return (of all)."

286. Allah burdens not a person beyond his scope. He gets reward for that (good) which he has earned, and he is punished for that (evil) which he has earned. "Our Lord! Punish us not if we forget or fall into error, our Lord! Punish us not if we forget or fall into error, our Lord! Punish us not if we forget or fall into error, our Lord! Punish us not if we forget or fall into error, our Lord! Put not on us a burden like that which You did lay on those before us; our Lord! Put not on us a burden greater than we have strength to bear. Pardon us and grant us Forgiveness. Have mercy on us. You are our Maula (Patron, Supporter and Protector, etc.) and give us victory over the disbelieving people." Al Bagarah 284,286

شَهِدَاللهُ أَنَّهُ لَآ إِلٰهَ إِلَّاهُوَ < وَالْمَلْبِكَةُ وَأُولُواالْعِلْمِ قَآبِمًا بِالْقِسْطِ • لَآ إِلٰهَ إِلَّا هُوَ الْعَزِيْزُ الْحَكِيْمُ ٢

#### 18. SHAHIDAL-LÄHU ANNAHŪ LĀ ILĀHA ILLĀ HŪ. WAL MALĀIKATU WA 'ULUL `ILMI QĀ'IMAM BIL QISŢ. LĀ ILĀHA ILLĀ HUWAL-`AZĪZUL-ḤAKĪM.

18. Allah bears witness that La ilaha illa Huwa (none has the right to be worshipped but He), and the angels, and those having knowledge (also give this witness); (He always) maintains His creation in Justice. La ilah illa Huwa (none has the right to be worshipped but He), the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

Al Imran 18

قُلِاللَّهُمَّرْ مٰلِكَ الْمُلَّكِ تُؤْتِي الْمُلْكَ مَنْ تَشَآءُ وَتَنْزِعُ الْمُلْكَ مِمَّنْ تَشَآءُ وَتُعِزُّ مَنْ تَشَآءُ وَتُذِلُّ مَنْ تَشَآءُ ﴿ بِيَدِكَالْخَيْرُ ﴿ إِنَّكَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيْرُ ٢ تُوْلِجُ الَّيْلَ فِي النَّهَارِوَتُوْلِجُ النَّهَارَ فِي الَّيْلِ ر وَتُخْرِجُ الْحَيَّ مِنَ الْمَيِّتِ وَتُخْرِجُ الْمَيِّتَ مِنَ

الْحَيِّ وَتَرْزُقُ مَنْ تَشَآءُ بِغَيْرٍ حِسَابٍ ٢

26. QULIL-LÄHUMA MÄLIKUL-MULKI TU'TIL MULKA MAN TASHÄ' WA TANZI'UL MULKA MIMMAN TASHÄ'. WA TU`IZZU MAN TASHÄ'. WA TUDHILLU MAN TASHÄ'. BI YADIKAL KHAIR. INNAKA `ALÄ KULLI SHAYIN QADĪR.

27. TŪLIJUL-LAYLA FIN-NAHĀRI WA TŪLIJUN-NAHĀRA FIL-LAYL. WA TUKHRIJUL HAYYA MINAL MAYYITI WA TUKHRIJUL MAYYITA MINAL HAYY. WA TARZUQU MAN TASHĀ'U BIGHAYRI HISĀB.

26. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ) "O Allah! Possessor of the kingdom, You give the kingdom to whom You will, and You take the kingdom from whom You will, and You endue with honor whom You will, and You humiliate whom You will. In Your Hand is the good. Verily, You are Able to do all things.

27. You make the night to enter into the day, and You make the day to enter into the night (i.e. Increase and decrease in the hours of the night and the dayduring winter and summer), You bring the living out of the dead, and You bring the dead out of the living.
And You give wealth and sustenance to whom You will, without limit (measure or account).

Al Imran 26,27

إِنَّ رَبَّكُمُ اللهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْأَرْضَ

فِي سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ ثُمَّ اسْتَوٰى عَلَى الْحَرْشِ " يُغْشِى الَّيْلَ النَّهَارَ يَطْلُبُهُ حَثِيْتًا دوَّالشَّمْسَ وَالْقَمَرَ وَالنُّجُوْمَ مُسَخَّرِتُ بِأَمْرِهِ ﴿ أَلَا لَهُ الْحَلَّقُ وَالْأَمْرُ ﴿ تَبَارَكَ اللَّهُ رَبُّ الْعَلَمِينَ ٢) أَدْعُوا رَبَّكُمْ تَضَرُّعًا وَّخُفْيَةً إِنَّهُ لَا تُحِبُّ الْمُعْتَدِيْنَ ٢ الْأَرْض بَعْدَ إِصْلَحِهَا وَادْعُوْهُ خَوْفًا وَّطَمَعًا إِنَّ رَحْمَةَ اللهِ قَرِيْبٌ مِّنَ الْمُحْسِنِيْنَ ٢

54. INNA RABBAKUMUL-LÄHUL-LADHĪ KHALAQAS-SAMĀWĀTI WAL ARŅA FĪ SITTATI AYYĀMIN THUMMASTAWĀ `ALAL-`ARSH YUGHSHIL-LAYLAN-NAHĀRA YAŢLUBUHŪ ḤATHĪTHĀ. WASH-SHAMSA WAL-QAMARA WAN-NUJŪMA MUSAKH-KHARĀTIM BI'AMRIH. ALĀ LAHUL-KHALQU WAL-AMR. TABĀRAKAL-LĀHU RABBUL-`ĀLAMĪN.

55. UD`Ū RABBAKUM TAŅARRU`AW-WA KHUFYAH. INNAHŪ LĀ YUHIBBUL-MU`TADĪN.

#### 56. WALĀ TUFSIDŪ FIL-ARŅI BA`DA IŞLĀḤIHĀ. WAD`ŪHU KHAWFAW-WA ṬAMA`Ā. INNA RAḤMATAL-LĀHI QARĪBUM-MINAL-MUḤSINĪN

254. Indeed your Lord is Allah, Who created the heavens and the earth in Six Days, and then He rose over (Istawa) the Throne (really in a manner that suits His Majesty). He brings the night as a cover over the day, seeking it rapidly, and (He created) the sun, the moon, the stars subjected to His Command. Surely, His is the Creation and Commandment. Blessed be Allah, the Lord of the 'Alamin (mankind, jinn and all that exists).

255. Invoke your Lord with humility and in secret. He likes not the aggressors.

256. And do not do mischief on the earth, after it has been set in order, and invoke Him with fear and hope. Surely, Allah's Mercy is (ever) near unto the good-doers.

Al A'raf 54,56

قُل ادْعُواالله أُوادْعُواالرَّحْمَٰنَ أَيَّامًا تَدْعُوا فَلَهُ الْأَسْمَآءُ الْحُسْنَى ۖ وَلَا تَجْهَرْ بِصَلَاتِكَ وَلَا تُخَافِتُ بِهَا وَابْتَغ بَيْنَ ذٰلِكَ سَبِيْلاً ٢ الْحَمْدُ لِللهِ الَّذِيْ لَمْ يَتَّخِذْ وَلَدًا وَّلَمْ يَكُنَّ لَّهُ شَرِيْكُ فِي الْمُلْكِ

وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَّهُوَلَكُ مِّنَ الذُّلِّ وَكَبِّرَهُ تَكْبِيرًا ٢

### 110. QULID`UL-LĀHA AWID`UR-RAḤMĀN. AYYAM-MĀ TAD`U FALAHUL ASMĀ'UL ḤUSNĀ. WA LĀ TAJHAR BI ṢALĀTIKA WA LĀ TUKHAFFIT BIHĀ. WABTAGHI BAYNA DHĀLIKA SABĪLĀ.

#### 111. WA QULIL-ḤAMDU LILLĀHIL-LADHĪ LAM YATTAKHIDH WALADAW- WA LAM YAKUL-LAHŪ SHARĪKUN FIL-MULKI WA LAM YAKUL-LAHŪ WALĪY-YUM MINADH-DHULLI WA KABBIRHU TAKBĪRĀ.

110. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ) "Invoke Allah or invoke the Most Gracious (Allah), by whatever name you invoke Him (it is the same), for to Him belong the Best Names. And offer your Salat (prayer) neither aloud nor in a low voice, but follow a way between.

111. And say: "All the praises and thanks be to Allah, Who has not begotten a son (nor an offspring), and Who has no partner in (His) Dominion, nor He is low to have a Wali (helper, protector or supporter). And magnify Him with all the magnificence, Allahu-Akbar (Allah is the Most Great)"

Al Israa 110,111

أَفَحَسِبْتُمْ أَنَّمَا خَلَقْنَكُمْ عَبَثًا وَّأَنَّكُمْ إِلَيْنَا لَا تُرْجَعُوْنَ ٢ فَتَعْلَى اللهُ الْمَلكُ الْحَقُّ عَلآ إِلٰهَ إِلاَّهُوَ ع

رَبُّ الْعَرْشِ الْكَرِيْمِ ﴾ وَمَنْ يَّدْعُ مَعَ اللهِ إِلٰهَا اخْرَ لا بُرَّهٰنَ لَهُ بِهِ لَا فَإِنَّمَا حِسَابُهُ عِندَ رَبِّهِ لا إِنَّهُ لَا يُفْلِحُ الْكُفِرُوْنَ ﴾ وَقُلْ رَّبِ اغْفِرْ وَارْحَمْ وَأَنْتَ خَيْرُ الرُّحِيِيْنَ ﴾

115. AFAHASIBTUM ANNAMĀ KHALAQNĀKUM `ABATHAW- WA ANNAKUM ILAYNA LĀ TURJA`ŪN.

116. FA TA`ĀLAL-LĀHUL-MALIKUL-ḤAQQ. LĀ ILĀHA ILLĀ HŪ. RABBUL-`ARSHIL-KARĪM.

#### 117. WA MAY-YAD`U MA`AL-LĀHI ILĀHAN ĀKHARA LA BURHĀNA LAHŪ BIH. FA INNAMĀ ŅISĀBUHŪ `INDA RABBIH. INNAHU LĀ YUFLIŅUL KĀFIRŪN.

118. WA QUR-RABBIGHFIR WARḤAM. WA ANTA KHAYRUR-RĀḤIMĪN

115. "Did you think that We had created you in play (without any purpose), and that you would not be brought back to Us?"

116. So Exalted is Allah, the True King: La ilaha illa Huwa (none has the right to be worshipped but He), the Lord of the Supreme Throne!

117. And whoever invokes (or worships), besides Allah,

Any other ilah (god), of whom he has no proof; then his reckoning is only with his Lord. Surely Al-Kafirun (the disbelievers in Allah and in the Oneness of Allah, polytheists, pagans, idolaters) will not be successful.

> 118. And say (O Muhammad ﷺ) "My Lord! Forgive and have mercy, for You are the Best of those who show mercy!" Al Muminun 115,118

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ ٢ وَالضَّفّْتِ صَفًّا أَنْ فَالزُّجِرْتِ زَجْرًا أَنْ فَالتَّلِيْتِ ذِكْرًا ﴾ إِنَّ إِلٰهَكُمْ لَوَاحِدٌ ﴾ رَبُّ السَّمٰوٰتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا وَرَبُّ الْمَشْرِقِ ٢ السَّمَاءَ الدُّنْيَا بِزِيْنَةِ إِلْكَوَاكِبِ ٢ كُلِّ شَيْطُنِ مَّارِدٍ ٢ وَيُقْذَفُوْنَ مِنْ كُلِّ جَانِبِ فَ لَهُ دُحُوْرًا وَلَهُمْ عَذَابً وَّاصِبٌ ﴾ إِلَّا مَنْ خَطِفَ الْخَطْفَةَ فَأَتْبَعَهُ شِهَابٌ

ثَاقِبٌ ٢ فَاسْتَفْتِمِ أَهُم أَشَدُّ خَلْقًا أَمْ مَّن حَلَقْنَا إِنَّا خَلَقْنَهُمْ مِّنْ طِيْنِ لَأَزِبِ ٢

BISMILLÄHIR-RAHMÄNIR-RÄHĪM

1. WAŞ-ŞĀFFĀTI ŞAFFĀ.

2. FAZ-ZĀJIRĀTI ZAJRĀ.

3. FAT-TĀLIYĀTI DHIKRĀ.

4. INNA ILĀHAKUM LAWĀHID.

5. RABBUS SAMĀWĀTI WAL `ARŅI WA MĀ BAYNAHUMĀ WA RABBUL MASHĀRIQ.

6. INNĀ ZAYYANNAS-SAMĀ'AD-DUNYA BI ZĪNATINIL KAWĀKIB

7. WA HIFŻAM-MIN KULLI SHAYŢĀNIM-MĀRID

8. LA YASSAMMA`ŪNA ILAL-MALA'IL-A`ALĀ WA YUQDHAFŪNA MIN KULLI JĀNIB.

9. DUHŪRAW-WALAHUM `ADHĀBUW-WĀŞIB

10. ILLĀ MAN KHAŢIFAL-KHAŢFATA FA'ATBA`AHŪ SHIHĀBUN THĀQIB

#### 11. FAS-TAFTIHIM AHUM ASHADDU KHALQAN AM-MAN KHALAQNĀ. INNĀ KHALAQNĀHUM MIN ŢĪNIL-LĀZIB.

In the name of Allah, Most Beneficient, Most Merciful.

1. By those (angels) or arranged in ranks (or rows).

2. By those (angels) who drive the clouds in a good way.

- 3. By those (angels) who bring the Book and the Qur'an from Allah to mankind (Tafsir Ibn Kathir).
  - 4. Verily your Ilah (God) is indeed One (i.e. Allah):

5. Lord of the heavens and of the earth, and all that is between them, and Lord of every point of the sun's risings.

- 6. Verily We have adorned the near heaven with the stars (for beauty).
  - 7. And to guard against every rebellious devil.
- 8. They cannot listen to the higher group (angels) for they are pelted from every side.
- 9. Outcast, and theirs is a constant (or painful) torment.

10. Except such as snatch away something by stealing, and they are pursued by a flaming fire of piercing brightness.

11. Then ask them (i.e. these polytheists, O Muhammad 3)
 "Are they stronger as creation, or those (others like the heavens and the earth and the mountains) whom We have created?"
 Verily, We created them of a sticky clay.

As Saffat 1,11



يُرْسَلُ عَلَيْكُما شُوَاظٌ مِّنْ نَّارِه وَخُمَاسٌ فَلَا تَنْتَصِرَان ٢ فَإِذَاانْشَقَّتِالسَّمَاءُ فَكَانَتْ وَرَدَةً كَالدِّهَان ٢ فَبَأَى الآءِرَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَان 🔿 فَيَوْمَبِذٍ لَّا يُسْعَلُ عَنْ ذَنْبُهَ إِنْسٌ وَلَاجَآنٌ ٢ رَبِّڪُمَا تُكَذِّباَن ٢

33. YĀ MA`SHARAL-JINNI WAL-INSI INISTAȚATUM AN TANFUDHŪ MIN AQȚĂRIS-SAMĂWĂTI WAL-ARŅI FANFUDHŪ. LĀ TANFUDHŪNA ILLĀ BI SULŢĀN.

34. FABI'AYYI ĀLĀ'I RABBIKUMĀ TUKADH-DHIBĀN.

35. YURSALU 'ALAYKUMĀ SHUWĀŻUM-MIN-NĀRIW-WA NUĻĀSUN FALĀ TANTAŞIRĀN.

36. FABI'AYYI ĀLĀ'I RABBIKUMĀ TUKADH-DHIBĀN.

37. FA'IDHAN SHAQQATIS-SAMĀ'U FA KĀNAT WARDATAN KAD-DIHĀN.

38. FABI'AYYI ĀLĀ'I RABBIKUMĀ TUKADH-DHIBĀN.

39. FA YAWMAIDHIL LĀ YUS'ALU `AN DHAMBIHĪ INSUW-WALĀ JĀN.

#### 40. FABI'AYYI ĀLĀ'I RABBIKUMĀ TUKADH-DHIBĀN.

33. O assembly of jinn and men! If you have power to pass beyond the zones of the heavens and the earth, then pass (them)! But you will never be able to pass them, except with authority (from Allah)!

34. Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinn and men) deny?

35. There will be sent against you both, smokeless flames of fire and (molten) brass, and you will not be able to defend yourselves.

36. Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinn and men) deny?

37. Then when the heaven is rent asunder, and it becomes rosy or red like red-oil, or red hide

38. Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinn and men) deny?

39. So on that Day no question will be asked of man or Jinn as to his sin, (because they have already been known from their faces either white (dwellers of Paradise - true believers of Islamic Monotheism) or black (dwellers of Hell - polytheists; disbelievers, criminals).

40. Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinn and men) deny?

Ar Rahman 33,40

لَوْ أَنْزَلْنَا هٰذَاالْقُرْ إِنَّ عَلَى جَبَلٍ لَّرَأَيْتَهُ خُشِعًا مُّتَصَدِّعًا مِّنْ خَشْيَةِ اللهِ وَتِلْكَ الْأَمْثُلُ نَضْرُبُهَا



21. LAW ANZALNĀ HĀDHAL-QUR'ĀNA `ALĀ JABALIL-LARA'AYTAHŪ KHĀSHI`AM MUTAŞADDIʿAM-MIN KHASHYATIL-LĀH. WA TILKAL AMTHĀLU NAŅRIBUHĀ LINNĀSI LA`ALLAHUM YATAFAKKARŪN.

22. HUWAL-LÄHUL-LADHĪ LĀ ILĀHA ILLĀ HŪ. `ĀLIMUL-GHAYBI WASH-SHAHĀDAH. HUWAR-RAĻMĀNUR-RAĻĪM.

#### 23. HUWAL-LÄHUL-LADHĪ LĀ ILĀHA ILLĀ HŪ. AL MALIKUL QUDDŪSUS-SALĀMUL MU'MINUL MUHAYMINUL `AZĪZUL JABBĀRUL MUTAKABBIR. SUBHĀNAL-LĀHI `AMMĀ YUSHRIKŪN.

24. HUWAL-LÄHUL KHÄLIQUL BÄRI'UL MUŞAWWIRU LAHUL ASMĀ'UL ḤUSNĀ. YUSABBIḤU LAHŪ MĀ FIS-SAMĀWĀTI WAL-ARĐ. WA HUWAL `AZĪZUL-ḤAKĪM.

21. Had We sent down this Qur'an on a mountain, you would surely have seen it humbling itself and rent asunder by the fear of Allah. Such are the parables which We put forward to mankind that they may reflect.

22. He is Allah, besides Whom there is La ilaha illa Huwa (none has the right to be worshipped but He) the All-Knower of the unseen and the seen. He is the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

23. He is Allah besides Whom La ilaha illa Huwa (none hasthe right to be worshipped but He) the King, the Holy, the One Free from all defects, the Giver of security, the Watcher over His creatures, the All-Mighty, the Compeller, the Supreme. Glory be to Allah! (High is He) above all that they associate as partners with Him.

24. He is Allah, the Creator, the Inventor of all things, the Bestower of forms. To Him belong the Best Names. All that is in the heavens and the earth glorify Him. And He is the All-Mighty, the All-Wise. بِسَمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ ﴾ قُل أُوْحِيَ إِلَى أَنَّهُ اسْتَمَعَ نَفَرٌ مِّنَ الجُبِّ فَقَالُوَٓا إِنَّا سَمِعْنَا قُرْانًا عَجَبًا ﴾ يَهْدِي إِلَى الرُّشْدِ فَامَنَّا بِهِ وَلَنْ نُشْرِكَ بِرَبِّنَآ أَحَدًا ﴾ وَأَنَّهُ تَعْلَى جَدُّ رَبِّنَا مَااتَخَذَ صُحِبَةً وَلَا وَلَدًا ﴾ وَأَنَّهُ كَانَ يَقُولُ سَفِيْهُنَا عَلَى اللهِ شَطَطًا ﴾

#### BISMILLÄHIR-RAHMÄNIR-RAHĪM

1. QUL ŪĻIYA ILAYYA ANNAHUS-TAMA`A NAFARUM-MINAL JINNI FA QĀLŪ INNĀ SAMI`NĀ QUR'ĀNAN `AJABĀ.

> 2. YAHDĪ ILAR-RUSHDI FA ĀMANNĀ BIH. WA LAN-NUSHRIKA BI RABBINĀ AḤADĀ.

3. WA ANNAHŪ TA`ĀLĀ JADDU RABBINĀ MAT-TAKHADHA ŞĀĻIBATAW-WA LĀ WALADĀ.

4. WA ANNAHŪ KĀNA YAQŪLU SAFĪHUNĀ `ALAL-LĀHI SHAŢAŢĀ.

1. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ) "It has been revealed to me that a group (from three to ten in number) of jinn listened (to this Qur'an). They said: 'Verily, we have heard a wonderful Recitation (this Qur'an)!

2. It guides to the Right Path, and we have believed therein, and we shall never join (in worship) anything with our Lord (Allah).

3. 'And He, exalted is the Majesty of our Lord, has taken neither a wife nor a son (or offspring or children).

4. 'And that the foolish among us (i.e. Iblis (Satan) or the polytheists amongst the jinn) used to utter against Allah that which was an enormity in falsehood.

Al Jinn 1,4



BISMILLÄHIR-RAHMÄNIR-RAHĪM

- 1. QUL YĀ-AYYUHAL KĀFIRŪN.
- 2. LĀ A`ABUDU MĀ TA`BUDŪN.
- 3. WALĀ ANTUM `ĀBIDŪNA MĀ A`BUD.
- 4. WALĀ ANA `ĀBIDUM MĀ `ABATTUM.
- 5. WALĀ ANTUM `ĀBIDŪNA MĀ A`BUD.

6. LAKUM DĪNUKUM WALI-YA DĪN.

In the name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

- Say (O Muhammad ﷺ to these Mushrikun and Kafirun): "O Al-Kafirun (disbelievers in Allah, in His Oneness, in His Angels, in His Books, in His Messengers, in the Day of Resurrection, and in Al-Qadar.)!
  - 2. "I worship not that which you worship,
  - 3. "Nor will you worship that which I worship.
- 4. "And I shall not worship that which you are worshiping.
  - 5. "Nor will you worship that which I worship.
  - 6. "To you be your religion, and to me my religion"

Al Kafirun 1,6

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ ٢ قُلْ هُوَ اللَّهُ أَحَدٌ ٢ لَمْ يَلِدْ لا وَلَمْ يُوْلَدْ أَنَّ وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَّهُ كُفُوًا أَحَدً

BISMILLÄHIR-RAHMÄNIR-RAHĪM

1. QUL HUWAL-LĀHU AḤAD.

- 2. ALLĀ-HUṢ-ṢAMAD.
- 3. LAM YALID WA LAM YŪLAD.
- 4. WA LAM YAKUL-LAHŪ KUFU-WAN AḤAD.

In the name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful.

1. Say (O Muhammad ﷺ) "He is Allah, (the) One.

# 2. "Allah-us-Samad (Allah The Self-Sufficient Master, Whom all creatures need, (He neither eats nor drinks).

- 3. "He begets not, nor was He begotten.
- 4. "And there is none co-equal or comparable unto Him." Al Ikhlaas 1,6



BISMILLÄHIR-RAḤMĀNIR-RAḤĪM 1. QUL A`ŪDHU BI RABBIL FALAQ. 2. MIN SHARRI MĀ KHALAQ. 3. WA MIN SHARRI GHĀSIQIN IDHĀ WAQAB. 4. WA MIN SHARRIN-NAFFĀTHĀTI FIL `UQAD. 5. WA MIN SHARRI ḤĀSIDIN IDHĀ ḤASAD.

In the Name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful.
 Say: "I seek refuge with (Allâh), the Lord of the daybreak,
 *"From the evil of what He has created,*

- 3. "And from the evil of the darkening (night) as it comes with its darkness; (or the moon as it sets or goes away),
  - 4. "And from the evil of those who practice witchcraft When they blow in the knots,
    - 5. "And from the evil of the envier when he envies." Al Falaq 1,5

بِسْمِ اللهِ الرَّحْمَٰنِ الرَّحِيْمِ ٢ قُلْ أَعُوْذُ بِرَبِّ النَّاسِ أَنْ مَلكِ النَّاسِ أَنْ إلٰهِ النَّاسِ ٢ مِنْ شَرّ الْوَسْوَاسِ لا الْحَنَاسِ ٢ الَّذِي يُوَسِّوسُ فِ\_صُدُورالنَّاس مِنَ الْجِنَّةِ وَالنَّاسِ ٢

BISMILLÄHIR-RAHMÄNIR-RAHĪM

1. QUL A`ŪDHU BI RABBIN-NĀS.

2. MALIKIN-NĀS.

3. ILĀHIN-NĀS.

4. MIN SHARRIL WASWĀSIL KHANNĀS.

5. ALLADHĪ YUWASWISU FĪ ŞUDŪRIN-NĀS.

6. MINAL JINNATI WAN-NĀS

In the Name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful. Say: "I seek refuge with (Allah) the Lord of mankind, "The King of mankind - "The Ilah (God) of mankind,

"From the evil of the whisperer (devil who whispers evil in the hearts of men) who withdraws (from his whispering in one's heart after one remembers Allah).

> "Who whispers in the breasts of mankind. "Of jinn and men."

> > An Nas 1,6

